GEORGIA EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY GEORGIA OFFICE OF HOMELAND SECURITY

NATHAN DEAL GOVERNOR



CHARLEY ENGLISH DIRECTOR

August 25, 2011

Received AUG 3 0 2011

MAYOR'S OFF

Honorable John W. Eaves Chairman Fulton County Board of Commissioners 141 Pryor Street, SW Suite 10032 Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Commissioner Eaves:

The Georgia Emergency Management Agency (GEMA) has completed its review of the Fulton County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan. Your plan meets the programmatic requirements of the Federal Emergency Management Agency's (FEMA) local mitigation planning criteria, as stipulated under 44 Code of Regulations (CFR) Section 201.6 published in the Federal Register on February 26, 2002.

The county and each municipality must pass individual resolutions adopting the Plan. Please forward the adopted and signed resolutions to Kelly Keefe, Hazard Mitigation Planner, so that we may submit them to FEMA for inclusion in your plan for formal federal review and approval. Upon submittal of a copy of the participating jurisdictions' adoption documentation as well as documentation of the final public meeting, FEMA will issue formal approval of the Fulton County Multi-jurisdictional Mitigation Plan. Should you have any questions or need additional information, please contact Kelly Keefe at 404-635-2125.

Sincerely,

Terry K. Lunn

Hazard Mitigation Division Director

tl/kk

cc: Mr. Matthew Kallmyer, Director Atlanta-Fulton County Emergency Management Agency Fulton County Municipalities Sheri Russo, Field Coordinator Georgia Emergency Management Agency



The Atlanta-Fulton County Emergency Management Agency, through County Code, Chapter 130 (Sections 130.1 to 130.30) is designated as the Emergency Management Agency for Fulton County. In addition, Chapter 50 (Section 50.1-50.25) of the City of Atlanta ordinances designates AFCEMA as its primary emergency management organization.

1.3 Overview of the FEMA Hazard Mitigation Assistance Grants

Adoption of this plan is the initial step towards continuing eligibility for FEMA Hazard Mitigation Assistance (HMA) grant assistance to participating localities. These FEMA grants include the following programs:

- 1. The Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP). The HMGP provides grants to states and local governments to implement long-term hazard mitigation measures after a major disaster declaration. The purpose of the HMGP is to reduce the loss of life and property due to natural disasters and to enable mitigation measures to be implemented during the immediate recovery from a disaster. The HMGP is authorized under Section 404 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act.
- 2. The Pre-Disaster Mitigation Grant Program (PDM). The PDM program provides funds to states, territories, Indian tribal governments, communities, and universities for hazard mitigation planning and the implementation of mitigation projects prior to a disaster event. Funding these plans and projects reduces overall risks to the population and structures, while also reducing reliance on funding from actual disaster declarations. PDM grants are to be awarded on a competitive basis and without reference to state allocations, quotas, or other formula-based allocation of funds.
- 3. The Flood Mitigation Assistance Program (FMA). The FMA program was created as part of the National Flood Insurance Reform Act (NFIRA) of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 4101) with the goal of reducing or eliminating claims under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). FEMA provides FMA funds to assist states and communities implement measures that reduce or eliminate the long-term risk of flood damage to buildings, manufactured homes, and other structures insurable under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).
- 4. The Repetitive Flood Claims (RFC) Program. The Repetitive Flood Claims (RFC) grant program was authorized by the Bunning-Bereuter-Blumenauer Flood Insurance Reform Act of 2004 (P.L. 108–264), which amended the National Flood Insurance Act (NFIA) of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 4001, et al). Up to \$10 million is available annually for FEMA to provide RFC funds to assist states and communities reduce flood damages to insured properties that have had one or more claims to the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).
- 5. The Severe Repetitive Loss (SRL) Program. The Severe Repetitive Loss (SRL) grant program was authorized by the Bunning-Bereuter-Blumenauer Flood Insurance Reform Act of 2004, which amended the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 to provide funding to reduce or eliminate the long-term risk of flood damage to severe repetitive loss (SRL) structures insured under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).

A RESOLUTION OF THE ROSWELL CITY COUNCIL PURSUANT TO THE DISASTER MITIGATION ACT OF 2000 AUTHORIZING ADOPTION OF THE FULTON COUNTY HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN

WHEREAS, Fulton County and its municipal governments are required to complete a Hazard Mitigation Plan by the Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000; and

WHEREAS, under the provisions of the Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000, local governments that complete Hazard Mitigation Plans will remain eligible for Federal mitigation funding; and

WHEREAS, Fulton County and its municipal governments have completed a Hazard Mitigation Plan that fulfills the Federal requirements of the Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000.

NOW THEREFORE LET IT BE RESOLVED THAT THE ROSWELL CITY COUNCIL FORMALLY ADOPTS THIS HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN.

RESOLVED THIS ___ DAY OF ___, 2011

	(City Seal)
Signed: Name, ABC City Council President / Mayor	
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Attest: Name, ABC City Clerk	